HUNTINGDON LIFE SCIENCES LTD WOOLLEY RD, ALCONBURY HUNTINGDON CAMBRIDGESHIRE PE17 5HS ENGLAND

Report No.:	
Title:	Acute Inhalation Study of in the Rat via Whole-Body Exposure.
Study No.:	
External Testing Facility No.:	
Test Substance:	
Study Director:	
Sponsor:	
	*
Sponsor Representative:	
Testing Facility:	Huntingdon Life Sciences Ltd, Woolley Road, Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire, PE17 5HS, ENGLAND.
Study Completion Date:	22 June 2000
Security Statement:	

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ABSTRACT

The study was designed to assess the potential inhalation toxicity of administered to the rat *via* whole-body exposure.

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The procedure used is described in this report. The procedure complies with that described in the EPA Health Effects Testing Guidelines, Subpart B-General Toxicity Testing § 798.1150 Acute inhalation, September 27, 1985 (described in Federal Register Vol. 50, No. 188) and subsequent revisions. Subpart B provides detailed information relating to data requirements of 40 CFR Part 798 and supports the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA). The study met the requirements of OPPTS 870.1300.

The albino rat (Sprague-Dawley) was chosen as the species as it has been shown to be a suitable model for this type of study and is the species recommended in the test guidelines.

Five groups of 5 male and 5 female rats were exposed to an aerosol produced from A further group of 5 male and 5 female rats, acting as controls, was exposed to air only.

The mean exposure concentrations of the aerosol produced from 0.515, 1.06, 1.49, 2.44 and 5.75 mg/l of air.

were

The LC₅₀ for the test aerosol was between 1.49 and 2.44 mg/l.

GLP COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

The study described in this report was conducted in compliance with the following Good Laboratory Practice standards as set forth in:

United States Environmental Protection Agency, (TSCA), Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations Part 792, Federal Register, 29 November 1983 and subsequent amendment Federal Register 17 August, 1989.

OECD Principles of Good Laboratory Practice (as revised in 1997), ENV/MC/CHEM(98)17.

The UK Good Laboratory Practice Regulations 1997 (Statutory Instrument No. 654) and, from 14 December 1999, the UK Good Laboratory Practice Regulations 1999 (Statutory Instrument No. 3106).

EC Council Directive, 87/18/EEC of 18 December 1986, (Official Journal No. L 15/29) and from 1 May 1999.EC Commission Directive 1999/11/EC of 8 March 1999 (Official Journal No L 77/8).

The raw data has been reviewed by the Study Director, who certifies that the information contained in this report is consistent with and supported by the raw data.

22 June 2000

Date

Study Director, Huntingdon Life Sciences Ltd.

QUALITY ASSURANCE STATEMENT

Study Title:

Acute Inhalation Study of Whole-Body Exposure

in the Rat via

Huntingdon Life Sciences Study Number:

Study Director:

This study has been audited by Huntingdon Life Sciences Quality Assurance Department (Huntingdon). The methods, practices and procedures reported herein are an accurate description of those employed at Huntingdon during the course of the study. Observations and results presented in this final report form a true and accurate representation of the raw data generated during the conduct of the study at Huntingdon.

Inspections were made by the Quality Assurance Department of various phases of the study conducted at Huntingdon and described in this report. The dates on which the inspections were made and the dates on which the findings were reported to the Study Director and to Management, Huntingdon Life Sciences are given below:

Study Phase		Date of Inspection	Findings reported to: Study Director & Management
Protocol review		6-7 October 1998	7 October 1998
Bodyweight Accommodation & Husbandry Test Substance Control Exposure Procedures Aerosol Analysis Record Audits))))	5 & 9 November 1998	10 November 1998

Study Phase	Date of Inspection	Findings reported to: Study Director & Management
Post Mortem)	23 November 1998	24 November 1998
Records Audit)		
Exposure Procedures)		
Test Substance Control)		
Aerosol Analysis)	10 March 1999	11 March 1999
Clinical Signs)		
Formulation Records)		
Records Audit)		
Post Mortem)	24 March 1999	24 March 1999
Post Mortem)	6 & 7 April 1999	8 April 1999
Records Audit		
Report/data audit	20 March 2000	21 March 2000

Date

16 June Z

Group Manager, Department of Quality Assurance, Huntingdon Life Sciences Ltd.

Date

Date

APPROVAL SIGNATURES

22 June	20.0

This report consist of Pages 1 through 51 including Tables 1-9 and Appendices 1 - 3.

Management,
Huntingdon Life Sciences Ltd.

22 France 2000

Study Director, Huntingdon Life Sciences Ltd.

29 June 2000

Date Sponsor Representative,

STUDY INFORMATION

C+ - 4-	. T:	4:-4:		Date
Stuay	ını	tiati	on	Date:

5 October 1998

Experimental Start Date:

9 November 1998

Experimental Termination Date:

6 April 1999

Study Completion Date:

22 June 2000

Study Director:

Sponsor Representative:

Sponsor:

Senior Technician for study:

Toxicologist:

Chief Technician - Inhalation Toxicology:

Director of Quality Assurance:

Head of Veterinary Services:

I. INTRODUCTION

The study was designed to assess the potential inhalation toxicity of when administered to the rat *via* whole-body exposure

The procedure used is described in this report. The procedure complies with that described in the EPA Health Effects Testing Guidelines, Subpart B-General Toxicity Testing § 798.1150 Acute inhalation, September 27, 1985 (described in Federal Register Vol. 50, No. 188) and subsequent revisions. Subpart B provides detailed information relating to data requirements of 40 CFR Part 798 and supports the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA). The study met the requirements of OPPTS 870.1300

The protocol was approved by the Study Director and Huntingdon Life Sciences Management on 5 October 1998 and by the Sponsor's Representative on 25 September 1998.

The albino rat (Sprague-Dawley) was chosen as the species as it has been shown to be a suitable model for this type of study and is the species recommended in the test guidelines.

The rats were dosed by exposure to a respirable aerosol as this is the route of exposure required by the test guideline and method. Exposure by inhalation is an anticipated route of human exposure.

II. MATERIALS AND METHODS

A. <u>Test Substance:</u> lot number BN028339, was received at Huntingdon Life Sciences on 6 April 1998. The test substance a pale yellow liquid, was stored at room temperature and was regarded as the 'pure' material representative of

The Huntingdon Test Substance Data Sheet indicated that the test substance was stable until 28 February 2001. A 1 g archive sample was retained by Huntingdon Life Sciences.

B. Animals: Ten male and 10 nulliparous and non-pregnant female albino rats (Sprague-Dawley in origin (Crl: (IGS)CD BR), approximately 7 and 8 weeks old respectively, were selected from a consignment of rats obtained from Charles River UK Limited, Manston Road, Margate, Kent, England on the 28 October 1998. Further groups of rats were selected from consignments arriving from the same source on 3 and 10 March 1999. On arrival, each animal was allocated to a group, each of 5 males and 5 females. The animals were identified individually by a number tattooed on the ear pinnae as follows:

Group	Identity numbers		
Matria estada	Male	Female	
1	61-65	66-70	
2	71-75	76-80	
3	81-85	86-90	
4	91-95	96-100	
5	21-25	26-30	
6	1-5	6-10	

The rats were housed by sex in groups of 5 and acclimatised to laboratory conditions for at least 7 days before the day of the exposure.

C. Food and Water: Rat and mouse diet 1 (RM1, SDS Limited, Witham, Essex, England) was provided ad libitum from hoppers attached to the holding cages, and drinking water (Anglian Water Services Limited) was provided ad libitum from polypropylene bottles. Food and water were not available during the exposure period.

The batches of diet used for the study were analysed once by the supplier for nutrients, possible contaminants or micro-organisms likely to be present in the diet, and which, if in excess may have had an undesirable effect on the test system. Clearance for use certificates are appended to this report.

Results of routine physical and chemical analysis of drinking water performed by the supplier were made available to Huntingdon Life Sciences Ltd. as quarterly summaries. A representative of the results is appended to this report. Water was supplied in conformity with EC directive 80/7788/EEC and UK Water Act 1989 and subsequent amendments. A representative certificate of analysis is appended to this report.

Samples of water were taken from the drinking water source in the animal rooms at approximately six monthly intervals. These samples were analysed for microbial contaminants (total viable count, coliform count and *E.Coli* count) by Huntingdon Life Sciences Department of Cellular Toxicology. A certificate of analysis is appended to this report.

D. Housing and Environment: The holding cages (size 35cm × 53 cm × 25 cm height) were made of stainless steel sheet and wire mesh and were suspended on a movable rack. Each cage was identified by a coloured label displaying the study number, treatment group descriptor, sex and identity numbers of the animals therein. While in their cages all rats had free access to an excess amount of SDS rat and mouse diet (RM1) and tap water.

The rats remained in a holding room except for the 4-hour exposure and an overnight post exposure period when the rats in the test groups were kept in a ventilated cabinet to allow dispersal of any residual test substance.

The temperature and relative humidity (RH) of the holding area were recorded using a Kent Clearspan recorder. Air extraction was via a balanced system providing 12 - 15 air changes per hour. The study holding room conditions were generally maintained within the environmental control settings of $21^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $55\% \pm 10\%$. Any excursions outside of the set ranges were small and of short duration. Details are archived with the study data. None of the excursions were considered to have had any impact on the outcome of the study.

Room lighting was by artificial light between 07.30 and 19.30 daily and controlled automatically.

E. Methods:

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- 1. Animals: The animals were manually selected and randomly allocated to groups. The weight variation within groups did not exceed ±20% of the mean weight for each sex.
- 2. Animal welfare: The in-life experimental procedures to be undertaken during the course of this study were subject to the provisions of the United Kingdom Animals (Scientific Procedures) Act 1986 (the Act). The Act, administered by the UK Home Office, regulates all scientific procedures in living animals which may cause pain, suffering, distress or lasting harm and provides for the designation of establishments where procedures may be undertaken, the licensing of trained individuals who perform the practical techniques and the issue of project licences for specified programmes of work. This study complied with all applicable sections of the Act and the associated Codes of Practice for the Housing and Care of Animals used in Scientific Procedures and the Humane Killing of Animals under Schedule 1 to the Act, issued under section 21 of the Act.

3. Inhalation exposure

Groups of rats (5 males and 5 females) were exposed continuously for 4 hours to an aerosol generated from

The target concentrations were:

Group	Date of exposure	Target concentration (mg/l)
1	9 November 1998	Air control
2	9 November 1998	5
3	10 March 1999	2
4	17 March 1999	0.5
5	18 March 1999	1
6	23 March 1999	1.5

The mean chamber concentration of the aerosol for each of the test groups is presented in the RESULTS section of this report.

Generation of the test atmosphere – The test substance was metered at a constant rate from a polypropylene syringe mounted on a syringe pump (Precidor® type 5003) to a stainless steel concentric jet atomiser. The aerosol produced passed through a 2 piece glass elutriator prior to entering the exposure chamber. A diagram of the system is presented in Figure 1.

During the first exposure with animals the test substance was observed to form a solid substance on contact with water. It was considered that the water vapour produced by the animals during exposure resulted in most of the in the chamber being converted to an aerosol of this solid.

The air supplied for the generation system was obtained from a compressed air line, and was filtered, dried and oil-free.

Exposure chambers - The whole-body exposure chambers were of square section (51 cm x 51 cm x 38 cm high) and were constructed of acrylic polymer. The chambers were fitted with a pyramidal top section with an enclosed volume of approximately 120 litres. The rats were contained for exposure in a stainless steel mesh exposure cage subdivided to provide 10 individual compartments.

The chambers were operated under dynamic airflow conditions. The flow rate of the test atmosphere to the exposure chamber was 25 l/min. The chamber atmosphere flow rate was monitored continuously and recorded at 30 minute intervals during exposure.

The test atmosphere entered at the top centre of the pyramidal top of the exposure chamber and was extracted through a perforated base, below the level of the rats. The exposure chamber was contained within a large extract cabinet exhausting to atmosphere through an absolute filter.

The temperature and relative humidity were monitored continuously during exposure and recorded at 30 minute intervals. Temperature was measured with an alcohol bulb thermometer and relative humidity with an ADC Water Vapour Analyser.

Atmosphere analysis - At least 5 samples of air were removed from the test chamber at intervals during each exposure in order to determine the concentration of the test aerosol. Additional samples were obtained as necessary to monitor the chamber concentration following adjustments to the exposure system.

Following the first exposure each air sample was withdrawn, at a rate of 2 litres per minute, through a pre-weighed glass fibre filter (Whatman GF/A) mounted in an open face filter holder. The filters were re-weighed following sampling for gravimetric analysis of the test aerosol. The volume of air sampled was measured using a wet-type gas meter (Model DM3B, G H Zeal Ltd., London, England).

For the first test group exposure only, in addition to sample collected on glass fibre filters, attempts were made to collect samples using sintered glass bubblers containing toluene as trapping agent to determine the actual concentration by chemical analysis. A method of analysis had been developed during preliminary generation trials without animals. However, attempts were unsuccessful and it was determined that the aerosol of formed a solid substance on contact with water vapour in air, which could not be analysed chemically with the method established. Therefore, analysis of the test atmosphere produced from the test substance was analysed by gravimetric means only. No further reference to chemical analysis will be made in this report. Details of the method and method development are archived with the study data.

Particle size determination - Two additional air samples were taken during the exposure, at a sampling rate of 2 litres per minute, using a Marple cascade impactor (Model 296, Graseby Andersen Inc., Atlanta, GA, USA). The volume of air sampled was measured using a wet-type gas meter.

The amount of test material collected on the stages of the sampler was determined gravimetrically. The particle size distribution of the test atmosphere was assessed using linear regression analysis of the probit of the cumulative percentage of the total particles collected, smaller than the cut-point of each stage, against the logarithm of the cut-point of each stage.

The collection characteristics for the Marple sampler are shown in Table 2.

Nominal concentration - The nominal concentration of the test substance was calculated from the amount of test substance delivered to the atomiser and the total volume of air flowing through the exposure system during the period of generation.

7. <u>Clinical signs:</u> The rats were observed continuously for signs of reaction to the test substance during exposure and at least twice daily throughout the observation period.

The clinical signs were recorded at the end of the chamber equilibration period, 0.25, 0.5 and 1.0 hours into exposure then at hourly intervals during the remainder of the exposure. Signs were also recorded immediately after exposure and at 1 and 2 hours after exposure.

During the observation period, the clinical signs were recorded once in the morning and then as necessary following a later check for survival.

- 8. <u>Bodyweight:</u> All rats were weighed at least twice during the week prior to exposure, at Time 0 (immediately before exposure) and weekly during the observation period.
- 9. <u>Food consumption:</u> The amount of food consumed by each cage of rats was measured from weighday to weighday throughout the study.
- 10. Water consumption: The amount of water consumed by each cage of rats was measured daily from Day 2 of the observation period following the gross observation of reduced consumption in test group rats.
- 11. <u>Termination:</u> Rats surviving the observation period were killed by intraperitoneal injection of pentobarbitone sodium and exsanguinated when clinically dead. A complete macroscopic examination of each rat was performed. The lungs (including the larynx and trachea), liver and kidneys were dissected free, weighed and the weights recorded. The kidneys were weighed together. The tissues were then discarded. Four uterine masses discovered in Animal 90F were preserved.

- F. Location of Study records: The protocol and amendments, raw data, specimens, a sample of the test substance and study related documents generated during the course of the study at Huntingdon Life Sciences Ltd., together with a copy of the final report are lodged in the Huntingdon Life Sciences Ltd., Archive, Huntingdon, England. Such records will be retained for a minimum period of five years from the date of issue of the final report. At the end of the five year retention period the client will be contacted and advice sought on the future requirements. Under no circumstances will any item be discarded without the client's prior approval.
- G. Statistical analysis: None
- H: <u>Deviations from the study protocol:</u> Minor deviations from the study protocol had no impact on the outcome of the study.

The deviations comprised:

- lack of Study Director and Home Office Licencee initials on the cage labels.
- in order to comply with recommendations of UK Home Office Code of Practice for the Housing and Care of Animals the rats were housed 5 to a cage.
- with so few animals the use of a computer programme to allocate the animals was unnecessary.
- bodyweights for Group 6 animals were recorded 8 rather than within 7 days prior to exposure.
- animals health status was reviewed by an experienced Senior Animal Technician.
- on 28 March 1999 the animal room timeclocks were set to British Summer Time resulting in an 11 hour light period on that day.

III. RESULTS

A. Chamber atmosphere conditions

Chamber concentration of test aerosol – The results for the air samples collected during the exposures are presented in Table 1.

The data are summarised as follows:

Group	Target concentration (mg/l)	Analysed concentration (mg/l)	Nominal concentration (mg/l)
1	Air control	0	-
2	5	5.75	19.79
3	2	2.44	9.71
4	0.5	0.515	1.55
5	1	1.06	3.59
6	1.5	1.49	6.36

The degree to which water vapour produced by the breathing of the animals would convert aerosol to the solid product was somewhat unpredictable and therefore the early exposure concentrations exceeded the target.

Differences between the analysed and nominal concentrations reflect an expected degree of loss of the test material due to impaction and deposition within an exposure system of the type used.

Particle size distribution

The data are presented in Table 2 and are summarised as follows:

Group	MMAD (og)	$\%$ < 7 μ m ad
2	1.2 (2.56)	96
3	1.3 (2.25)	98
4	0.9 (2.25)	99
5	0.9 (2.22)	99
6	1.0 (2.20)	99

MMAD mass median aerodynamic diameter

og geometric standard deviation

ad aerodynamic diameter

Particles less than $7 \mu m$ aerodynamic diameter are considered to be respirable to the rat. The test aerosols were completely respirable.

Chamber air temperature and relative humidity

The data are summarised as follows:

Group	Tempera	ture (°C)	Relative humidity (%)	
	Mean	Sd	Mean	sd
1	21.9	0.17	54	3.0
2	22.4	0.85	54	4.4
3	21.8	0.83	39	1.7
4	21.9	1.45	54	3.1
5	21.7	0.56	52	8.1
6	22.4	0.60	61	6.3

The differences between groups were small were considered to have had no effect on the outcome of the study.

B. Mortality

The data are summarised as follows:

Group	Analysed concentration		Mortality	
	(mg/l)	Male	Female	Total
1	0	0/5	0/5	0/10
2	5.75	5/5	4/5	9/10
3	2.44	5/5	3/5	8/10
4	0.515	0/5	0/5	0/10
5	1.06	0/5	0/5	0/10
6	1.49	0/5	0/5	0/10

For Group 2 all 5 males and 2 females were found dead on Day 1 of the observation period, 1 female was found dead on Day 2 and 1 on Day 3.

For Group 3 all 5 males and 2 females were found dead on Day 1, 1 female was found dead on Day 2.

All Group 1 animals survived.

C. Clinical Signs:

During exposure – The incidence of signs observed during exposure is presented in Table 3.

Signs related to exposure to the test aerosol comprised exaggerated breathing and partially closed eyes in all test groups and reduced motor activity in Groups 3 to 6.

During the observation period - The incidence of signs observed during the observation period is presented in Table 4.

Irregular, noisy and/or exaggerated breathing was seen in all test groups. Partially closed eyes were seen in Groups 2, 3, 5 and 6. Lethargy was seen in Groups 2 and 3. Ataxia was observed in the 2 female rats from Group 3 surviving until the end of the observation period.

D. Body Weights: The data are presented in Table 5.

A dose related reduction in body weight gain over the observation period was seen in animals from Groups 4, 5 and 6 in comparison with controls.

E. Food consumption: The data are presented in Table 6.

Consumption by test groups was lower than that of the control group during the observation period.

F. Water consumption: The data are presented in Table 7.

Consumption by groups 4, 5 and 6 was generally comparable to that of the control group during the observation period

G. Macroscopic pathology: The data are presented in Table 8:

Severely congested lungs were seen in all decedent animals. The observation is considered to be associated with the cause of death. Areas of severe congestion together with pale raised hardened areas were also seen in the surviving female exposed to 5.75 mg/l.

Pale raised areas were also seen in the lungs of a proportion of surviving rats of both sexes in all other groups exposed to the test aerosol.

H. Organ weights: The data are presented in Table 9.

Surviving female rats exposed to 5.75 or 2.44 mg/l had lung weights greater than control rats. In all other surviving animals from other test groups there were no differences in organ weights that were considered to be a direct effect of exposure to the test aerosol.

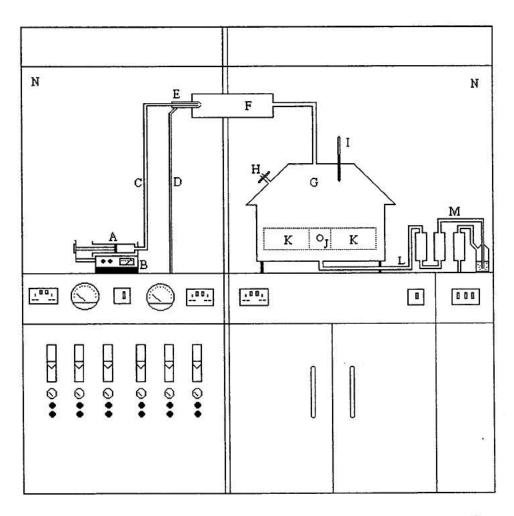
Lower liver weights seen in test group survivors were considered to be a secondary effect of reduced bodyweight gain.

IV. CONCLUSION

The inhalation toxicity curve for this material is very steep and the LC₅₀ for the aerosol produced from was between 1.49 and 2.44 mg/l. Further exposures were considered to be unnecessary. The difference in concentrations between that causing zero and 80% mortality was such that it was considered that the fine degree of control of chamber concentration necessary to refine the prediction of the LC₅₀ could not be achieved given the nature of the test material.

FIGURE 1

Exposure system



- A Test substance (in syringe)
- B Syringe pump
- C PTFE feed line
- D Atomiser air supply
- E Jet concentric atomiser
- F Elutriator
- G Exposure chamber (120 litres)

- H Sample line to water vapour analyser
- I Thermometer
- J Sampling port
- K Rat holding cage
- L Extract from exposure chamber
- M Filter/extract unit
- N Air extraction cabinet

TABLE 1 Chamber concentration of test aerosol

Sample		Concen	tration of test aero	sol (mg/l)	
	Group				
	2	3	4	5	6
1	В	F ¹	0.511	0.950	1.32
2	В	2.78	0.519	1.19	1.39
3	В	1.46	0.521	1.21	1.57
4	В	2.61	0.510	1.03	1.59
5	В	2.55	0.515	0.995	1.56
6	5.12	2.72		0.982	1.53
7	В	F^2			
8	6.11	2.54			
9	6.01				
mean	5.75	2.44	0.515	1.06	1.49
sd	0.545	0.491	0.0048	0.112	0.111

В bubbler sample, unable to analyse solid material

F¹ F² sample failure, filter not dried sample failure, filter torn

Standard deviation sd

TABLE 2

Particle size distribution of test aerosol

Group	Sample	Stage	Cut-off size (µm)	Amount collected (mg)
2	PSD 1	3	9.8	0.04
(5.75)		4	6.0	0.21
	1	4 5 6	3.5	0.26
	1 1	6	1.55	0.97
	1 1	7	0.93	0.39
		8	0.5	0.06
	1 1	Filter	0.0	0.15
			Totals	2.08
	PSD 2	3	9.8	0.05
	1 1	4	6.0	0.19
		5	3.5	0.19
		6	1.6	0.90
	Ė	7	0.9	0.35
		8	0.5	0.06
		Filter	0.0	0.21
2000 C			Totals	1.95

Calculations

Cut-off size (µm)	% less than size (cumulative)	
9.8	98.8	
6.0	93.8	
3.5	87.8	
1.55	58.7	
0.93	42.7	
0.5	15.7	
MMAD	1.2 (µm)	
σg	2.56	
% respirable (<7 µm)	96	

MMAD

Mass median aerodynamic diameter

 $\sigma \mathbf{g}$

TABLE 2 (Particle size distribution of test aerosol - continued)

Group	Sample	Stage	Cut-off size (µm)	Amount collected (mg)
3	PSD 1	3	9.8	0.01
(2.44)	1	4	6.0	0.20
With the results.	1	5	3.5	0.42
		6	1.55	1.24
		7	0.93	0.39
	1	8	0.5	0.07
		Filter	0.0	0.36
			Totals	2.69
	PSD 2	3	9.8	0.01
		4	6.0	0.31
		4 5 6	3.5	0.52
	1	6	1.55	1.41
	1 1	7	0.93	0.50
		8	0.5	0.14
	1	Filter	0.0	0.40
	1 1		Totals	3.29

Calculations

Cut-off size (µm)	% less than size (cumulative)	
9.8	99.8	
6.0	94.2	
3.5	84.7	
1.55	55.7	
0.93	39.1	
0.5	14.2	
MMAD	1.3 (µm)	
σg	2.25	
% respirable (<7 µm)	98	

MMAD

Mass median aerodynamic diameter

 σg

TABLE 2
(Particle size distribution of test aerosol - continued)

Group	Sample	Stage	Cut-off size (µm)	Amount collected (mg)
4	PSD 1	3	9.8	0
(0.515)		4	6.0	0.05
	1	5	3.5	0.19
	1 1	6	1.55	0.97
	1 / 1	7	0.93	0.59
	1 1	8	0.5	0.12
	1	Filter	0.0	0.69
			Totals	2.61
	PSD 2	3	9.8	0
		4	6.0	0.05
	1	5	3.5	0.17
	1	6	1.6	0.91
		7	0.9	0.53
	1 1	8	0.5	0.22
		Filter	0.0	0.54
	1		Totals	2.42

Calculations

Cut-off size	% less than size (cumulative)	
9.8	100.0	
6.0	98.8	
3.5	94.8	
1.55	72.1	
0.93	55.0	
0.5	26.8	
MMAD	0.9 (μm)	
og	2.25	
% respirable (<7 µm)	99	

MMAD

Mass median aerodynamic diameter

og

TABLE 2 (Particle size distribution of test aerosol - continued)

Group	Sample	Stage	Cut-off size (µm)	Amount collected (mg)
5	PSD 1	3	9.8	0.01
(1.06)		4	6.0	0.05
100 North Carlotte Co. 100 North Co. 100 Nor	§	5	3.5	0.15
		6	1.55	0.97
	1 1	7	0.93	0.59
	1	8	0.5	0.13
		Filter	0.0	0.31
			Totals	2.21
	PSD 2	3	9.8	0
		4	6.0	0.05
			3.5	0.19
	1 1	5	1.6	0.91
	1	7	0.9	0.55
		8	0.5	0.05
		Filter	0.0	0.42
			Totals	2.17

Calculations

Cut-off size (µm)	% less than size (cumulative)
9.8	100.1
6.0	98.8
3.5	93.7
1.55	69.3
0.93	51.5
0.5	25.6
MMAD	0.9 (μm)
σg	2.22
% respirable (<7 µm)	99

MMAD

Mass median aerodynamic diameter

 $\sigma \mathbf{g}$

TABLE 2
(Particle size distribution of test aerosol - continued)

Group	Sample	Stage	Cut-off size (µm)	Amount collected (mg)
6	PSD 1	3	9.8	0.02
(1.49)		4	6.0	0.12
		5	3.5	0.39
	1	6	1.55	1.43
	1	7	0.93	0.77
	1	8	0.5	0.12
	1	Filter	0.0	0.33
			Totals	3.18
	PSD 2	3	9.8	0.01
		4	6.0	0.12
	1 1	4 5	3.5	0.33
	1 1	6	1.6	1.41
		7	0.9	0.78
]	8	0.5	0.15
		Filter	0.0	0.45
			Totals	3.25

Calculations

Cut-off size	% less than size (cumulative)
9.8	99.9
6.0	97.9
3.5	92.0
1.55	66.4
0.93	46.8
0.5	20.4
MMAD	1.0 (µm)
σg	2.20
% respirable (<7 µm)	99

MMAD

Mass median aerodynamic diameter

 σg

TABLE 3
Clinical signs during exposure

Group	Signs			Numbe	r showi	ng signs		
(mg/l)					ne in ho			
DR SN SN	L	0*	0.25	0.5	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0
l M (Control)	Normal appearance and behaviour	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
2M	Normal appearance and behaviour	5	5					
(5.75)	Exaggerated breathing	ľ.			5 5	5	5	5
	Eyes partially closed			5	5	5	5	5
3M	Normal appearance and behaviour	5	5					
(2.44)	Exaggerated breathing	496		5	5	5	5	5
	Eyes partially closed				5	5	5	5 5
	Reduced motor activity				5	5	5	5
4M	Normal appearance and behaviour	5	5	3				
(0.515)	Exaggerated breathing			3	5 2	5	5	5
	Eyes partially closed				2	5 5	5 5 5	5 5 5
	Reduced motor activity					5	5	5
5M	Normal appearance and behaviour	5	5					
(1.06)	Exaggerated breathing			5	5	5	5	5
	Eyes partially closed	ľ		5 5	5 5 5	5 5	5 5 5	5 5 5
	Reduced motor activity				5	5	5	5
6M	Normal appearance and behaviour	5	5					
(1.49)	Exaggerated breathing				5	5	5	5
	Eyes partially closed	l.		5	5	5	5	5
	Reduced motor activity	P.		5	5	5	5	5

^{*} Clinical signs recorded during the equilibration period

TABLE 3
(Clinical signs during exposure - continued)

Group	Signs			Numbe	r showi	ng signs		
(mg/l)		97-			ne in ho			
		0*	0.25	0.5	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0
1F (Control)	Normal appearance and behaviour	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
2F	Normal appearance and behaviour	5	5					
(5.75)	Exaggerated breathing				5	5	5	5
	Eyes partially closed			5	5	5 5	5	5
3F	Normal appearance and behaviour	5	5					
(2.44)	Exaggerated breathing	100		5	5	5	5	5
	Eyes partially closed				5 5 5	5 5 5	5 5 5	5 5 5
	Reduced motor activity				5	5	5	5
4F	Normal appearance and behaviour	5	5	5				
(0.515)	Exaggerated breathing				5 4	5	5	5
	Eyes partially closed	i			4	5 5 5	5 5 5	5 5 5
	Reduced motor activity					5	5	5
5F	Normal appearance and behaviour	5	5					
(1.06)	Exaggerated breathing			5	5	5	5	5
	Eyes partially closed			5 5	5 5	5 5	5	5
	Reduced motor activity				5	5	5	5
6F	Normal appearance and behaviour	5	5					
(1.49)	Exaggerated breathing	3001			5	5	5 5	5
	Eyes partially closed			5	5	5 5	5	5
	Reduced motor activity			5	5	5	5	5

* Clinical signs recorded during the equilibration period

TABLE 4 Clinical signs during observation period

Group (mg/l)	Signs									owii rvati		gns eriod						-0/6/2
	,	*0hr	*1hr	*2hr	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1M (Control)	Normal appearance and behaviour	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
2M	Brown staining around snout/jaws	5	5 5 5	5														
(5.75)	Eyes partially closed	5	5	5 5 5														
	Substance on fur (not visible but altered fur texture)	5	5	5														
	Lethargic	5	5	5														
	Irregular breathing	5	5 5 5	5 5 5														
	Brown staining on forepaws	5	5	5														
	Noisy respiration	ļ	3															
	Dead				5													
3M	Brown staining around snout/jaws	5	5 5 5 5 4	5	3													
(2.44)	Eyes partially closed	5	5	5														
	Substance on fur (tactile presence)	5 5	5	5	3													
	Lethargic	5	5	5	3 3													
	Exaggerated breathing	5	5	5														
	Brown staining on forepaws	i	4	4	3													
	Noisy respiration				4													
	Yellow staining UG area		5	5	4													
	Dead				5													

^{*} Clinical signs recorded after exposure on day of exposure UG Urogenital

TABLE 4 (Clinical signs during observation period - continued)

Group (mg/l)	Signs		—e W		- S. 15	76				iowi rvati			l					
		*0hr	*1hr	*2hr	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
4M	Normal appearance and behaviour						3	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
(0.515)	Substance on fur (tactile presence)	5	5	5														
	Extremities cold to touch	5 5																
	Exaggerated breathing	5	5	5	5	5	2											
	Noisy respiration	1	3	3	3	2												
	Wet fur UG area	1	1	1														
5M	Normal appearance and behaviour									3	3	4	5	5	5	5	5	5
(1.06)	Substance on fur (tactile presence)	5	5	5	5													
	Brown staining around snout/jaws		3	4	3													
	Exaggerated breathing	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	2	2	1						
	Noisy respiration		1	1	3	2	2											
	Eyes partially closed	5																
	Yellow staining UG area	5	5	5	5	2	2	1	1									
	Brown staining forepaws			4	3													
	Brown staining whole body					4	4											
6M	Normal appearance and behaviour					1	1	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
(1.49)	Substance on fur (tactile presence)	5	5	5														
1.500 c 11/100 500	Brown staining around snout/jaws	5 5	5	5 5 5	1													
	Exaggerated breathing Noisy respiration	5	5	5	3	4 4	4											
	Eyes partially closed	5	5	5		30/250	~											
	Yellow staining UG area	5	5	5	4	3	2	1										

* Clinical signs recorded after exposure on day of exposure UG Urogenital

TABLE 4 (Clinical signs during observation period - continued)

Group	Signs			1 - 22 - 30 i		357.6	Da	lumb	oer sh obse	lowi	ng si	gns		9	-106/	Wines	49	
(mg/l)		*Ohr	*1hr	*2hr	1	2	3	4	5	6	7 7	8	9	10	П	12	13	14
1F (Control)	Normal appearance and behaviour	3	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
	Brown staining around snout/jaws Eyes partially closed	5	5 5	5	3	2	1											
(5.1.57	Substance on fur Lethargic	5 5 5 5	5 5 5 5	5 5 5 5	3	2	1	1										
	Irregular breathing Brown staining on forepaws	5	5	5	3 3 3	2	1	1	l	1	ı	1	1	1				
	Noisy respiration Whole body cold to touch		350	1	3	2 2 2 2 2 2	1 1	1	1	1	1	1	l	l	ĭ	i	1	ī
	Hunched posture Yellow/brown staining UG area Sensitive to touch					2	1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1	1	1	1	i	i	i	ì
	Dead	ĺ			2	ì	1											
3F (2.44)	Normal appearance and behaviour Brown staining around snout/jaws Eyes partially closed		5	5	5	2	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	Substance on fur (tactile presence) Lethargic	5 5 5 5	5 5 5 5 4	5 5 5 5 4	1 5 5 4 5	2	•											
	Exaggerated breathing Brown staining on forepaws Noisy respiration	4	4	4	5 4 5	2 2 2 2 2 2	2	1	1	1								
	Yellow staining UG area			1	3	2 2	1	1 1	ì	55								
	Pale extremities Dead				2	2 1_	2	1		250						30 300	9.7c=	

^{*} Clinical signs recorded after exposure on day of exposure UG Urogenital

TABLE 4 (Clinical signs during observation period - continued)

Group (mg/l)	Signs						N Da	umb y of	er sl obse	nowi rvati	ng si on p	gns eriod			***			· · · · · ·
		*Ohr	*1hr	*2hr		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	П	12	13	14
4F	Normal appearance and behaviour						5	5	- 5	-5	5	5	5	5	- 5	5	5	5
(0.515)		5	5	5														
	Extremities cold to touch	5 5	5 5 5	5														
	Exaggerated breathing	5	5	5 5 2	5	5												
	Noisy respiration		1	2	2	1												
	Irregular breathing	1	2	2														
5F	Normal appearance and behaviour										4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
(1.06)	Substance on fur	5	5	5	5	1	1						7.1			12		
(A)(3)(3)(3)(3)	Extremities cold to touch			1														
	Brown staining around snout/jaws	2 5	4	5	5													
	Exaggerated breathing	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5								
	Noisy respiration			1	2													
	Eyes partially closed	5																
	Yellow staining UG area	5	5	5	5	2	2	1	1	1	1							
	Brown staining forepaws	1 4556		3	2													
	Brown staining whole body					2	2											
6F	Normal appearance and behaviour							5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
(1.49)	Substance on fur (tactile presence)	5	5	- 5					et v		-	×.		-		•	~	1.000
(,	Brown staining around snout/jaws	5 5 5	5 5 5	5 5 5														
	Exaggerated breathing	5	5	5	5	5	5											
	Noisy respiration		-		2	1												
	Eyes partially closed	5	5	5	1818	75.21												
	Yellow staining UG area	5	5	5 5	4	4	1											
	Crusty around eyes		<u> </u>	0.53	1	8	10											
	Brown staining on head				4	3												

* Clinical signs recorded after exposure on the day of exposure UG Urogenital

TABLE 5

Individual and group mean body weights (g)

Group	Rat		577		- 3	1	Day of	obse	rvation	n	72-33 80	-9 55-	- 10.00	-8.7	Gain	Gain
1972		-11	-10	-8	-7	-6	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	7	14	0-7	0-14
1M	61	9	234		265			292				330	377	421	47	91
(Control)	62	Š	234		269			296				339	379	412	40	73
35 67	63	5) (5) (5)	221		252			280				313	367	405	54	92
	64	Ž.	233		269			300				345	406	445	61	100
	65		218		254			281				322	387	438	65	116
	Mean	1	228		262			290	-	***		330	383	424	53	94
2M	71		223		253		0010	282			2010-000-	312	1	- 1		
(5.75)	72		218		251			283				317	12	127		Į.
	73	Ÿ.	223		254			278				309				
	74		230		262			288				315	-	-		
	75		223		251			276				299			i Summer	
	Mean		223	e-sulver	254			281			- A	310			Name :	
3M	81						227			249	261	266	(, , ,)			
(2.44)	82	i i					224			254	264	270				1
22 758	83						207			234	240	250	355	-		
	84	į.					216			244	253	259	-	-	e.	
	85		50.0				216			240	247	254	-	(¥1 §	Ş	
	Mean				CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR		218	4-11-11-1	45000000	244	253	260	- 14	-		() =
4M	91				W 5 6		230	1477180		×	272	276	307	353	31	77
(0.515)	92						227				265	275	309	361	34	86
	93						223				257	268	318	373	50	105
	94	i,					221				260	263	293	337	30	74
	95						229				276	282	317	370	35	88
	Mean				1000 - 15		226				266	273	309	359	36	86
5M	21					222			249	741		277	303	344	26	67
(1.06)	22					223			251			280	307	344	27 .	64
	23					220			250			277	309	369	32	92
	24					233			260			287	311	371	24	84
	25				260 M	216	128		245	.00		274	291	349	17	75
v	Mean					223	13.50 U		251	33-43	E.Am. Power	279	304	355	25	76
6M	1	226	W . 87.3	249	7:		396	282		/C		314	316	360	2	46
(1.49)	2	231		255				289				323	329	382	6	59
	3	220		244				268				295	303	348	8	53
	4	226		257				295				326	335	379	9	53
	5	218		244			1000000	281				324	337	391	13	67
	Mean	224		250				283				316	324	372	8	56

TABLE 5
(Individual and group mean body weights (g) – continued)

Group	Rat		GEO TALLE	. 5 2451			Day of	obse	rvatio	n					Gain	Gain
1.00		-11	-10	-8	-7	-6	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	7	14	0-7	0-14
1F	66		205		217			226	0.000			240	248	263	8	23
(Control)	67		193		206			208				224	245	265	21	41
SOC 11 17 ESWAN	68		204		222			229				245	255	268	10	23
	69	i i	200		213			222				230	254	258	24	28
	70		200		211			209				218	242	267	24	49
	Mean		200		214			219			1772	231	249	264	18	33
2F	76		196		204			220				234	-	3#0	yanan j	
(5.75)	77		208		224			239				249	-	-		
	78		200		210			216				228	-	1 5 0		
	79		192		197			215				228	166	164	-62	-64
	80		183		201			209				220	6 2 8	1421 3		
	Mean		196		207			220				232	166	164	7	
3F	86	W.	FEL - 87	-8 87-		2 2 30	208		3 31/1	205	207	208	- 2			7.00
(2.44)	87						215			225	220	226	-	-		
. 22 27	88	ř					205			215	219	216	205	239	-11	23
	89	l.					190			206	206	209) = 3		. 100,000	l.
	90						210			206	210	211	222	254	11	43
	Mean						206			211	212	214	214	247	0	33
4F	96				77 M		185				188	186	194	202	8	16
(0.515)	97	l.					202				216	220	232	247	12	27
	98						211				220	211	223	239	12	28
	99						214				226	219	233	244	14	25
	100						195				208	202	216	227	14	25
	Mean		A-0-110	27 SCV GET	ges		201		1000	Service roun	212	208	220	232	12	24
5F	26					203			210			214	229	251	15	37
(1.06)	27	1				199			209			212	214	231	2 .	19
100 20	28	İ				193			203			211	205	223	-6	12
	29	}				197			206			212	212	227	0	15
	30					200			222			221	217	233	-4	12
ĺ	Mean		-			198			210	***		214	215	233	1	19
6F	6	200		210				208				211	215	218	4	7
(1.49)	7	196		199				201				210	217	224	7	14
	8	205		207				219				230	232	246	2	16
	9	203		214				221				228	225	237	-3	9
Ì	10	202		214				215				226	211	216	-15	-10
	Mean	201		209		1000		213		- 200		221	220	228	-1	7

TABLE 6
Food consumption

Period of					Food	consump	otion (g/rat/	day)				10.00
consumption	1M	2M	3M	4M	5M	6M	1F	2F	3F	4F	5F	6F
(Day)	(Control)	(5.75)	(2.44)	(0.515)	(1.06)	(1.49)	(Control)	(5.75)	(2.44)	(0.515)	(1.06)	(1.49)
-11 to -9						29					- 97	20
-10 to -8	34	32					23	22				
-8 to -5						30						21
-7 to -5	35	32					23	22				
-6 to -4	200.55				29						21	
-5 to -3			28						20			
-5 to -2				30						20		
-4 to -1	35	32				31	23	22		*		21
-3 to -1					30						20	
-2			29						19			
-1			30	31					20	18		
1 to 7	36	300	(m)	25	22	20	24	2	11	17	17	16
8 to 14	36			34	33	34	25	10	25	20	24	21
Cumulative (g/rat)												
-11 to -1						330						226
-10 to -1	347	322					228	219				
-6 to -1	ķ.				177						125	
-5 to -1			144	152					100	98		
1 to 14	504	_a	19 2	411	388	374	340	87	250	262	291	254

Single survivor died on Day 1 of the observation period

TABLE 7
Water consumption

Period of		33	Water consum	ption (g/rat/da	y)	457 /4
consumption (Day)	1M (Control)	2M (5.75)	3M (2.44)	4M (0.515)	5M (1.06)	6M (1.49)
2	7 <u>2</u> 6			17	4	7
3	37	2	27	24	29	26
4	36	22	12	31	34	38
5	36	=	2	32	36	36
6	35	-		33	36	35
7	36	-	5€	35	35	35
8	36	-	1 =	34	34	31
9	36	=	. 	34	35	33
10	37	2	372	32	32	33
11	36	=	-	33	31	30
12	34	-	3 2	33	34	33
13	38	-	:=:	36	33	39
14	36			35	34	32
Cumulative (g/rat) 2 to 14	433			409	407	408

Period of	on the second of the second	94 	Water consum	ption (g/rat/da	y)	100 vivo vivo vivo vivo vivo vivo vivo vi
Consumption	1F	2F	3F	4F	5F	6F
(Day)	(Control)	(5.75)	(2.44)	(0.515)	(1.06)	(1.49)
2	37.0		14	19	4	9
3	27	4	23	21	26	39
4	26	9	25	20	26	44
5	31	9	29	24	28	35
6	32	6	31	23	29	35 .
7	27	19	27	24	25	35
8	27	13	30	16	24	29
9	30	15	26	26	28	32
10	35	28	25	23	27	28
11	26	10	24	22	25	33
12	28	6	25	17	24	22
13	33	11	27	26	26	27
14	35	11	28	27	32	28
Cumulative (g/rat)	11 					
2 to 14	357	141	334	288	330	396

TABLE 8

Macroscopic pathology

Group	Rat	Observation
1M (Control)	61	Lungs: patches of congestion azygous, two foci left lung, multiple foci right anterior and posterior lobe.
(Control)	62	Lungs: large dark focus right posterior lobe.
	63 - 65	No abnormalities detected.
2M (5.75)	71	Brown staining around snout and jaws. Clear discharge from nose.
		Lungs: severe congestion all lobes. Kidneys: slightly large.
		Intestines: congested.
	72	Brown staining around snout and jaws. Clear discharge from nose. Lungs: severe congestion all lobes. Intestines: congested.
	73	Brown staining around snout and jaws. Clear discharge from nose.
	73	Lungs: severe congestion all lobes. Intestines: congested.
	74	Brown staining around snout and jaws.
	No. of	Lungs: severe congestion all lobes.
		Intestines: congested.
	75	Brown staining around snout and jaws. Clear discharge from nose.
	100	Lungs: severe congestion all lobes.
		Kidneys: slightly large.
		Intestines: congested.
3M (2.44)	81	Brown staining around snout and jaws and forepaws. Compound on fur.
		Lungs: severe congestion all lobes, clear frothy fluid from trachea.
		Brain: minimal congestion.
	25 SEC.	Intestines: congested.
	82	Crusty brown staining around snout and jaws and forepaws. Red discharge from snout and jaws.
		Brain: minimal congestion.
		Lungs: severe congestion all lobes, clear frothy liquid from trachea.
		Stomach: gas filled.
		Intestines: gas filled.
	83	Crusty brown staining around snout and jaws and forepaws. Yellow staining UG
		region.
		Brain: minimal congestion.
	1	Lungs: severe congestion all lobes, clear frothy fluid from trachea.
	1992021	Intestines: congestion small intestines.
	84	Crusty brown staining around snout and jaws and forepaws.
		Brain: minimal congestion.
		Lungs: severe congestion all lobes, clear frothy fluid from trachea.
	85	Crusty brown staining around snout and jaws and forepaws. Red discharge from snout and mouth. Slight feel of compound on fur.
		Brain: minimal congestion.
		Lungs: severe congestion all lobes, clear frothy fluid from trachea.
JG Urogen	l <u>. </u>	Stomach: gas filled.

TABLE 8
(Macroscopic pathology – continued)

Group	Rat	Observation						
4M (0.515)	91 - 95	Lungs: pale raised areas all lobes.						
5M	21 - 24	No abnormalities detected.						
(1.06)	25	Lungs: pale raised areas all lobes.						
6M	1	No abnormalities detected.						
(1.49)	2	Lungs: pale cream coloured raised areas all lobes.						
	3 – 4	No abnormalities detected.						
	5	Lungs: pale raised areas all lobes.						

TABLE 8
(Macroscopic pathology - continued)

Group	Rat	Observation
1F	66 - 70	No abnormalities detected.
(Control)		
2F	76	Brown staining around snout and jaws. Clear discharge from snout and jaws.
(5.75)		Lungs: severe congestion all lobes.
		Kidneys: slightly large.
l.		Intestines: congested.
4	77	Brown staining around snout and jaws. Clear discharge from nose.
- 1		Lungs: severe congestion all lobes.
1		Kidneys: slightly large.
1		Intestines: congested.
1	78	Crusty brown staining around snout, jaws and forepaws. Yellow staining UG
		region. Lungs: severe congestion all lobes.
1		Adrenals: right gland 2x longer than left.
		Intestines: gas filled areas of distension and congestion.
		Mesenteric lymph nodes: dark and enlarged.
1	79	Yellow/brown staining UG region.
1		Lungs: large areas of severe congestion all lobes. Raised hardened area (14mm)
		9mm) left lung, raised hardened area pale (13mm x 18mm) right posterior.
Ĩ	80	Crusty brown staining around snout, jaws and forepaws.
1		Lungs: severe congestion all lobes.
ĵ		Stomach: gas filled.
		Intestines: gas filled.
3F	86	Crusty brown staining around snout, jaws and forepaws.
(2.44)		Brain: minimal congestion.
Ñ		Lungs: severe congestion all lobes, clear frothy liquid from trachea.
		Stomach: gas filled.
]		Intestines: gas filled.
ŽĮ.	87	Crusty brown staining around snout, jaws and forepaws. Red discharge from
		snout and mouth. Compound on fur.
- 1		Brain: minimal congestion.
		Lungs: severe congestion all lobes, clear frothy fluid from trachea. Stomach: gas filled.
1		Intestines: congested.
	88	Lungs: pale raised areas all lobes.
	89	Crusty brown staining around snout, jaws and forepaws.
		Brain: minimal congestion.
		Lungs: severe congestion all lobes, clear frothy liquid from trachea.
	90	Lungs: pale raised areas all lobes.
	1 30001	Ovaries: 4 masses 5 × 5 mm (approx) in left horn of uterus, 1 mass on right side.

TABLE 8
(Macroscopic pathology – continued)

Group	Rat	Observation
4F	96	No abnormalities detected.
(0.515)	97 - 99	Lungs: pale raised areas all lobes.
	100	No abnormalities detected.
5F	26 - 30	No abnormalities detected.
(1.06)		
6F	6	Lungs: pale raised areas left lung and right anterior lobe.
(1.49)	7 ~ 8	No abnormalities detected.
000-000-000-000-000 (FC)	9	Kidneys: right kidney flattened with small area of hard yellow tissue.
	10	Lungs: pale raised areas all lobes.

(

TABLE 9
Organ weights

Group	Rat								
1M		Lu			ver	Kidı			
		Decedent	Survivor	Decedent	Survivor	Decedent	Survivo		
	61		1.65		17.63		2.71		
(Control)	62		1.84	l	17.70		2.86		
203 200	63	8.	1.84		15.94		2.59		
	64		1.98	İ	18.87	i	3.06		
	65		1.61	i	19.07		2.89		
	Mean		1.78		17.84		2.82		
	sd	-	0.152		1.250	1 - 1	0.180		
2M	71	4.35		15.13		3.27			
(5.75)	72	4.79		15.55		2.68			
(2)	73	4.40		15.50		2.80			
	74	4.32		15.85		2.86			
	75	4.65		15.66		3.05			
	Mean	4.50		15.54		2.93			
	sd	0.207	-	0.265		0.231	_		
3M	81	3.17		12.11		2.41			
(2.44)	82	4.43		11.09		2.71			
(2.44)	83	4.56		12.02		2.71			
	84	3.63		10.38		2.15			
	85	3.36							
		3.83		12.07		2.73			
	Mean sd		-	11.53	-	2.46	-		
4M	91	0.630	1.61	0.772	74.52	0.253			
		Î			14.53		2.31		
(0.515)	92		1.72	ì	15.16	e.	2.31		
	93	Ē.	1.74	ļ,	15.85		2.34		
	94		1.74	1	14.48		2.44		
	95		1.68		16.47		2.60		
ļ	Mean	-	1.70	-	15.30	-	2.40		
	sd		0.055	-	0.860		0.124		
5M	21		1.68		13.30		2.21		
(1.06)	22	Į.	1.72		13.74		2.62		
	23	1	1.90		15.54		2.26		
	24	•	1.78	l .	14.67	Ę.	2.34		
	25	II	1.67		15.27		2.34		
1	Mean		1.75	120	14.50	-	2.35		
	sd	5	0.094	(1)	0.964		0.159		
6M	1		1.77		14.57	4	2.39		
(1.49)	2	1	1.87		15.45		2.71		
w 80	2 3 4	2	1.67	1	12.89		2.42		
l		1	1.82		17.78	6	2.40		
	5	1	1.83	Ì	16.35		2.32		
1	Mean		1.79		15.41		2.45		
	sd	_	0.077		1.841	_	0.151		

TABLE 9 (Organ weights – continued)

Group	Rat		Organ weight (g)								
		Lu		Liv	The second secon	Kid					
		Decedent	Survivor	Decedent	Survivor	Decedent	Survivo				
1F	66		1.39		11.71		1.71				
(Control)	67		1.46		10.11		1.51				
8 8	68		1.46		10.80		2.00				
	69		1.35		10.47		1.67				
	70	Į.	1.29		11.40		1.80				
	Mean	-	1.39		10.90	-	1.74				
	sd	74	0.073	-	0.657	-	0.180				
2F	76	3.49	200,	10.42	****	2.56					
(5.75)	77	4.01		11.13		2.47					
W.1. 55	78	4.27		10.03		1.90					
	79	927 - 927 SEA	2.84	0000000000	6.73		1.23				
	80	3.53		8.41		1.50					
	Mean	3.83	2.84	10.00	6.73	2.11	1.23				
	sd	0.379	-	1.152	-	0.499	-				
3F	86	3.97		9.13		2.16					
(2.44)	87	4.11		9.36		2.06					
	88		1.73		10.40	ĺ	1.55				
	89	3.73		10.06		2.00					
	90		1.71		11.41		1.73				
	Mean	3.94	1.72	9.52	10.91	2.07	1.64				
	sd	0.192		0.484	-	0.081	•				
4F	96		1.18		6.99		1.57				
(0.515)	97		1.38		8.97		1.73				
	98		1.36		9.91	5	1.65				
ļ	99	c:	1.69		10.61		1.89				
	100		1.33	200	8.63		1.61				
	Mean	-	1.39		9.02	-	1.69				
	sd		0.186	16	1.378	-	0.126				
5F	26	(1)11.04	1.46		10.20		2.22 .				
(1.06)	27		1.47		9.75		1.88				
	28		1.32		9.37		1.70				
	29	Ř.	1.59		8.96		1.70				
	30		1.39		9.32		1.72				
	Mean	-	1.45	-	9.52	-	1.84				
	sd	141	0.101		0.472		0.223				
6F	6		1.45		8.51		1.62				
(1.49)	7	Ě	1.44		8.23	É	1.66				
	8	j	1.60		9.46		1.62				
	9	1	1.48		9.61		1.50				
ļ	10		1.76		8.75		1.75				
	Mean	-	1.55		8.91	-	1.63				
	sd	-	0.136	•	0.600	-	0.090				

Certificates of Analysis for Diet



Special Quality Control Certificate of Analysis

	PRO	DUCT: RE	11 (E) SQC			
	BATC	CH NO:		PREHIX I	ATCH NO:	305
	DATE	OF HA	TUFACTURE: 08-JUL-	98		
Nutrient	Found Analysis		Contaminant	Found Analysis		Limit of Detection
Moisture	10.6	x	Fluoride	10	mg/kg	1.0 mg/kg
Crude Fat	2.4	*	Mitzate as MaNO3	14	-6/46	1.0 mg/mg
Crude Protein	14.8	2	Nitrite as NaNO2	2.9	mg/kg	1.0 mg/kg
Crude Fibre	4.1	2	Leed	0.45	ME/KE	0.25 mg/kg
Ash	4.6	z	Arsenic	Non Detected	me/ke	0.2 mg/kg
Calcium	0.63	1	Cadaiup	0.07	me/kg	0.05 mg/kg
Phosphorus	0.51	x	Hercury	Non Detected	me/ke	0.01 mg/kg
Sodium	0.21	1	Selenium	0.05	mg/kg	0.05 mg/kg
Chloride	0.30	1				nostroz.
Potassium	0.70	x				1
Magnesium	0.16	ı	Total Aflatoxina	Non Detected	mcg/kg	1 mcg/kg each of 31,32,61,62
lron	122	me/ke				31,52,01,02
Copper	10	mg/kg	Total P.C.B	Non Detected	mcg/kg	10.0 mcg/kg
Kangenese	50	mg/kg	Total D.D.T	Non Detected	mcg/kg	10.0 mg/s
Zinc	45	mg/kg	Dieldrin	Non Detected	acg/kg	10.0 mcg/k
			Lindane	Non Detected	mcg/kg	10.0 mcg/
			Heptachlor	Non Detected	mcg/kg	10.0 mcg/k
			Helathion	20	mcg/kg	20.0 mcg/kg
Vitamin A	4.2	iu/g	Total Viable Organisms x 1000	Non Detected	per gra	1000/g
Vitamin E	39	mg/kg				
Vitemin C		= 8/kg	Mesophilic Spores x 100	2.50	per gra	100/g
			Salmonellae Species	Non Detected	per gra	Absent in 20 grs
			Entero Bacteriaceae	Non Detected	per grm	Absent in 20 gra
			Escherichia Coli	Non Detected	per gra	Absent in 20 grm
			Fungal Units	50	per gra	Absent in 20 grm
Signed .			Antibiotic Activity	Non Detected		20 8.2
Dated	17198					·



(Certificates of Analysis for Diet - continued)



Special Quality Control Certificate of Analysis

PRODUCT: RML (E) SQC	
BATCH NO:	PREMIX BATCH NO: 370

	DATE	OF HAN	UFACTURE: 28-AUG-	98		Limit of
Mutrient	Found Analysis		Contaminent	Found Analysis		Detection
Moisture	9.3	1	Fluoride	5	mg/kg	1.0 mg/kg
Crude Fat	2.7	x	Nitrate as MaNO3	21	mg/kg	1.0 mg/kg
Crude Protein	14.6	1	Mitrite as MaNO2	3.1	ME/KE	1.0 mg/kg
Crude Fibre	4.3	x	Load	0.31	mg/kg	0.25 mg/kg
Ash .	5.0	ı	Arsenic	Non Detected	ME/KE	0.2 mg/kg
Calcium	0.83	2	Cadmium	0.05	mg/kg	0.05 mg/kg
Phosphorus	0.48	I	Mercury	Non Detected	mg/kg	0.01 mg/kg
Sodium	0.20	x	Selenium	0.05	mg/kg	0.05 mg/kg
Chloride	0.48	x				
Potassium	0.68	I				
Magnesium	0.16	1	Total Aflatoxins	Non Detected	mcg/kg	1 mcg/kg each of 81,82,61,62
Iron	143	mg/kg				31,31,01,0
Copper	11	mg/kg	Total P.C.B	Non Detected	mcg/kg	10.0 mcg/kg
Hanganese	52	mg/kg	Total D.D.T	Hon Detected	mcg/kg	10.0 mcg/
Zinc	39	mg/kg	Dieldrin	Non Detected	BCE/KE	10.0 mcg/
			Lindene	Non Detected	BCE/KE	10.0 mcg/
			Heptachlor	Non Detected	mcg/kg	10.0 ===
			Helathion	Non Detected	mcg/kg	20.0 mcg/kg
Vitamin A	4.2	iu/g	Total Viable Organisms x 1000	Non Detected	per grm	1000/8
Vitamin E	38	mg/kg				
Vitamin C		mg/kg	Hesophilic Spores x 100	2.50	per grm	100/g
			Salmonellse Species	Non Detected	per gra	Absent in 20 grm
			Entero Bacteriaceae	Non Detected	per grm	Absent in 20 gra
			Escherichia Coli	Non Detected	per grm	Absent in 20 grm
			Fungal Units	200	per gro	Absent in
Signed	705 B S		Antibiotic Activity	Non Detected		
Dated?	819198					
						1



(Certificates of Analysis for Diet - continued)

200 (E) SQC



Special Quality Control Certificate of Analysis

	BATG	H NO:			PREMIT IL	TCH NO: 3	191
	DATE	OF MANU	UFACTURE: 16th	Sent			
Mutrient	Found Analysis	. CONTRACT	Contaminant		Found Analysis		Limit of Detection
Hoisture	10.0	Z	Fluoride		5	ME/KE	1.0 mg/kg
Crude Fat	2.6	2	Nitrate as Na	103	17	Me/ke	1.0 mg/kg
Crude Protein	15.2	z	Nitrite as Na	0.75%	3.0	mg/kg	1.0 mg/kg
Crude Fibre	4.1	I	Lead	Non	detected	me/ke	0.25 mg/kg
Ash	4.9	z	Arsenic	Non	detected	me/ks	0.2 mg/kg
Calcium	0.71	z	Cadalum	Hon	detected	MA.	0.05 mg/kg
Phosphorus	0.49	x	Hercury	Non	detected	DE/KE	0.01 mg/kg
Sodium	0.22	1	Selentum	Non	detected	ME/KE	0.05 mg/kg
Chloride	0.49	z				138 6	
Potassium	0.70	1					
Magnesium	0.16	1	Total Aflatox	Lne	Non detected	mcg/kg	1 scg/kg
Iron	131	8.7kg					B1,B2,G1,G2
Copper	12	mg/kg	Total P.C.B	Non	detected	mcg/kg	10.0 mcg/kg
Mangamese	64	=g/kg	Total D.D.T	Non	detected	BCE/LE	10.0 mcg/kg
Zinc	46	mg/kg	Dieldrin	Non	detected	mcg/kg	10.0 mcg/kg
			Lindane	Non	detected	mcg/kg	10.0 mcg/kg
			Heptachlor	Non	detected	mcg/kg	10.0 mcg/kg
			Malathion	Non	detected	BCE/KE	20.0 mcg/kg
Vitamin A	3.6	iu/g	Total Viable Organisms x 1	000	Non detected	per grm	1000/g
Vitamin E	41	mg/kg					
Vitamin C		mg/kg	Mesophilic Spores x 100		5.0	per gru	100/8
			Salmonellae Species	Non	detected	per gra	Absent in 20 gra
			Entero Bacteriacese	Non	detected	per gra	Absent in 20 grm
			Escherichia Coli	Non	detected	per grm	Absent in
			Fungal Units	Non	detected	per grm	Absent, in
			Antibiotic Activity	Non	detected		20 gra
Signed 8	110198		18				

(Certificates of Analysis for Diet - continued)



Special Quality Control Certificate of Analysis

PREMIX BATCH NO: 506 BATCH NO: DATE OF MANUFACTURE: 18-DEC-98 Contaminent Found Analysis Nutrient 1.0 mg/kg 11.1 Fluoride ME/KE Hoisture 1.0 mg/kg Crude Fat 4.0 z Nitrate as MaNO3 17 ME/KE 1.0 mg/kg Mitrite es NeNO2 3.0 **■6/k**8 Crude Protein Non Detected 0.25 mg/kg 4.7 Leed mg/kg Crude Fibre 0.2 mg/kg 4.3 Arsenic Non Detected ME/KE 0.88 Cadmium 0.10 **≈**8/k8 0.05 mg/kg Calcium 0.57 0.03 08/kg 0.01 mg/kg Mercury Phosphorus 0.05 mg/kg Sodium 0.23 Selenius 0.12 -6/kg 0.32 Chloride 0.57 Potassium 1 mcg/kg each of B1,B2,G1,G2 Total Aflatoxins Non Detected Kagnesium 0.15 mcg/kg 126 Iron Copper mcg/kg mg/kg Total D.D.T 10.0 mcg/k Non Detected 50 mcg/kg Manganese 45 mg/kg Dieldrin 10.0 mcg/k; Zinc Non Detected acg/kg Lindane Non Detected 10.0 mcg/k; mcg/kg 10.0 mcg/k Heptachlor Non Detected mcg/kg Halathion BCE/KE 20.0 mcg/kg Total Viable Organisms x 1000 Non Detected Vitamin A 4.7 14/8 1000/8 per gra Vitamin E 45 ME/48 Vitamin C mg/kg Mesophilic Spores x 100 Non Detected per gra Salmonellae Species Absent in 20 grs Entero Bacteriaceae Escherichia Coli Fungal Units Non Detected Absent in 20 grm Antibiotic Activity Non Detected

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VII. APPENDIX 1

(Certificates of Analysis for Diet - continued)



Special Quality Control Certificate of Analysis

	BATC	H NO:	Will Straight	PREMIX BATCH NO: 506			
	DATE	OF NAM	UFACTURE: 29-JAN-	19			
Mutrient	Found Analysis		Contaminant	Found Analysis		Limit of Detection	
Hoisture	11.1	x	Pluoride	7	mg/4g	1.0 mg/kg	
Crude Fat	2.8	z	Nitrate as NaMO3	28	mg/kg	1.0 mg/kg	
Crude Protein	15.7	x	Nitrite as NaNO2	2.7	me/ke	1.0 mg/kg	
Crude Fibre	5.2	ı	Leed	Non Detected	me/44	0.25 mg/kg	
Ash	4.7	I	Arsenic	Non Detected	me/kg	0.2 mg/kg	
Calcium	0.66	1	Cadaium	0.15	-c/46	0.05 mg/kg	
Phosphorus	0.49	x	Hercury	Non Detected	ME/KE	0.01 mg/kg	
Sodium	0.26	x	Selenium	0.07	mg/kg	0.05 mg/kg	
Chloride	0.40	I			(6)		
Potassius	0.69	1			1	1	
Hegnesium	0.18 .	x	Total Aflatoxins	Non Detected	mcg/kg	1 mcg/kg each of B1,B2,C1,C;	
lron	157	mg/kg	CW				
Copper	11	mg/kg	Total P.C.B	Non Detected	mcg/kg	10.0 mcg/kg	
Manganese	60	mg/kg	Total D.D.T	Non Detected	mcg/kg	10.0 mcg/1	
Zinc	60	mg/kg	Dieldrin	Non Detected	mcg/kg	10.0 mcg/	
			Lindane	Non Detected	mcg/kg	10.0 mcg/	
			Heptachlor	Non Detected	mcg/kg	10.0 mcg/	
			Halathion	Non Detected	mcg/kg	20.0 mcg/kg	
Vitamin A	3.8	1u/g	Total Viable Organisms x 1000	Non Detected	per grm	1000/g	
Vitamin E	42	mg/kg				1	
Vitamin C		mg/kg	Mesophilic Spores x 100	Non Detected	per grm	100/g	
			Salmonellse Species	Non Detected	per gra	Absent in 20 grm	
			Entero Bacteriacese	Non Detected	ber trm	Absent in 20 grm	
			Escherichia Goli	Non Detected	bez frm	Absent in	
			Pumgal Units	Hon Detected	per grm	Absent in 20 grm	
22 2			Antibiotic Activity	Non Detected		20 812	
Signed	712199					10	
Dated							

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THOUW NUTRITION

Certificate of Analysis for drinking water

ANALYTICAL DATA SUMMARY SHEETS

Huntingdon North Public Water Supply Zone

Pagulation:	V1-	Mn-99	•	31-Mar-99		Grid Ret:-		
Parameter	PCV Units			% samples	Concentration	n or Value (all samples	
Ref Herne			~	PCV	Minimum	Moon	Maximum	
A001 Colour	20 PVCo	,		•	2.1	2.67	3.5	
ABOZ Turbidity	4 FTU	12			4.15	< 0.271	0.00	
A03a Odour - Nature	(95050)	12		7. .	1	1	1	
A03b Odour - Intensity		12			1	1		
AGLa Taste - Nature		12			1		9	
A04b Taste - Intensity		12			1	1	1	
A005 Temperature	25 °C	20			4.9	7.67	12.	
A006 Hydrogen Ion (pH)	5.5 - 9.5 pH	12	R		7.81	7.87	7.9	
A007 Sulphote	250 mg/l	•		•	134	134	13	
A008 Magnesium	50 mg/f			•	8.05	8.05	8.0	
A009 Sodium	150 mg/l			•	48.6	42.6	44.	
ADSA Sodium 80°	150 mg/l					45.5	7085	
A010 Potassium	15 (12) mg/l	11	×	•	6.89	8.09	8.6	
A011 Dry Residues	1500 mg/l	•		•	640	640		
A012 Nitrate	30 mg/l	•		•	32.4	19.4	25.	
A013 Walter	0.1 mgf	**		•	< 6.01	< 8.015	8.04	
A014 Ammonium	4.5 mg/f	,			0.219	4.778	6.23	
AG16 Oxidisability	3 mgn			•	1.72	1.72	1.7	
A017 Total organic carbon	- mg/l		0500	•	3.99	3.99	1.9	
A021 Aluminium	200 µg/1	•	R	•	< 10	< 10	<1	
A022 Iron	500 hbg	3	RU	•	< 10	<11.7		
ADZ) Manganesa	so ugh	4		•	< 2	<2	4	
AG24 Copper	3000 µg/1	,		•	45	< 99.3	21	
A625 Zinc	5000 µg/l		R	•	<6	< 8.71	14	
AG26 Phosphonus	2200 µg/1	10		• •	300	344	•	
ACIZT Fluoride	tison work	*		۰	250	250	25	
AG28 Silver	10 494	,		•	<1	<1	•	
9001 Arsenic	50 pg/l			0	1.49	1.49	14	
8002 Cadmium	5 vor			•	< 0.4	× 0.4	<0	
8004 Chromium	50 µg/l	•		•	< 1.1	< 1.1	<1	
8005 Mercury	1 1/91	•		•	< 0.1	< 0.1	<0	
2006 Midtel	SO MON			•	3.14	1.14	3.1	
8007 Lead	SO UGA			•	< 1.9	<1.5	-1	
9006 Antimony	10 194				0.49	1 9.49		
8009 Selenium	10 991	•		•	1.4	1.1		
P014 Chiorotoluron	0.1 µg/l				< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.0	
PG32 Diuran	0.1 µg/l			•	< 0.02	< 0.02		
PO48 boprotures	0,1 µg/l			100			< 0.1	
POST Linuran	O.I pgf	:		, .	< 0.02	< 0.62	<0.	
P113 Monuron	0.1 19/						< 0.	
PG74 236-TBA	0.1 pg/	3		5	< 0.02	< 0.02	- 40	
P020 2.4 · D	0.1 994	3			< 0.05	< 0.05	- 40	
P076 245-T	8.1 49/	1		:	< 0.05	< 0.03	<0.	
P006 Bentazone	0.1 µg/	;			< 0.02	< 0.02	48	
P025 Dicamba	0.1 μα/1	,		2	< 0.02	< 0.07 < 0.02	- 46	
P626 Dichloroprop	6.1 µg/1			2	< 0.62	< 0.02		
PRS4 MCPA	0.1 µg/l	3			< 0.62	< 0.02		
POSS MCPB	6.1 hby	3		•	(20.00.00)			
POS3 MCPP(Mecoprop)	O.1 pg/	,		•	< 0.02	< 0.02		
POD4 Atrazine	0.1 yg/l	5		•	< 0.02	< 0.02		
PO70 Prometryne	0.1 1/9/	5		•	< 0.02	< 6.02		
POSS Propulating	a,t ygri	3		•	< 0.02	< 0.02		
PO73 Simusime	0.1 ug/l	5		۰	< 8.02	< 0.02	<1	

(Certificate of Analysis for drinking water - continued)

AMALYTICAL DATA PURMARY SHEETS

Huntingdon North Public Water Supply Zone

Pepulation:-		01~	lan-99 -	31-Mar-99	Grid Red.			
Personator	PCV	Unito	Number of	% samples	Contemporation or Value (all samples)			
flot Nome	3 19	177-1907	semples	PCV	Minimum	Meen	Maybourn	
FG77 Yerbusyne	0.1	nge	3	•	< 9.02	< 6.02	< 4.02	
P132 Trietazine	0.1	pg4	5	•	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	
9010 Pesticides - Total	4.5	not	5	•	•	0.01	0.03	
CBD1 Tetal California		Note	22	•				
C002 Faecal Collifornia		Hotel	22	•	•			
CROS Colony Count 10ay @ 37°C		Hotel	22		•	1.73	5	
C012 Colony Count 70ay @ 22°C		Normi	22		1	44.2	304	
C010 Chioring Total		mgf	22		6.15	0.599	4.5	
Dita Conductivity - M12	1500	-	12	•	621	627	632	
DG2a Chlorida - M12	400	mg/l	1	•	65.9	65.9	65.9	
D03a Calclum - M12	250	mgf	•	•	140	140	140	
D05a Boron - M12	3000	Mar.	•	•	244	244	244	
D06a Barlum - M12	1000	101		•	14.8	14.8	14.0	
Dille Tetrachieromethane - M12		New	3	•	8.1	0.1	8.1	
D09a Trichisroethene - M12	30	PD4	,	•	8.4	8.4	8.4	
010s Tetrachiaraethene - M12	70	101	3	•	4.3	43	+.1	
E001 Hardney as Ca - Min		mail	1		149	149	149	
E802 Alkalinley - HCO3 - Min		mg/f	1		272	272	272	

Heter

- PCV Prescribed concentration or value
- M12 Rolling 12 month mos M2 - Rolling 2 month mass
- M3 Rolling 3 month mean Min - PCV is a minimum only where the water is softene
- U Undertaking
 X Relaxation (relaxed value in brackets
- R Reduced sampling frequency
- I Increased sampling frequency
 PAH Poincyclic aromatic hydrocarbon
- Sodium 80" the 80th percentile of the lest 3 years of sodium results

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VII. APPENDIX 2

(Certificate of Analysis for drinking water - continued)

Anglian Water Services Ltd. Dirinking Water Register HUNTINGDON NORTH, Water Supply Zone Provided FEMAND Bose: 1 January 1999 Map Ref: Grid Reference: Provided Served: Provided Served: Provided Served: HUNTINGDON NORTH County Council: CAMBRIDGESHIRE District Council: CAMBRIDGE AND HUNTINGDON (WILL UNDERGO & NAME CHANGE IN 1999) Authority:

(Certificate of Analysis for drinking water - continued)

Anglian Water Services Ltd. Drinking Weter Register HUNTINGDON NORTH Water Supply Zone Number of Storage Paints Serving The Zones SEVEN Number of Seaster Fumpling Storages Paints North Property Storage Storage Paints SUCCOS RESERVOR GRAPHAN

	Ree / TWR and % Composition	Capacity (tem)
BUCKDEN RESERVOIR	GRAPHAM 10	0.576
GODMANOKESTER RESERVOIR	GRAPHAM 10	2.600
GRAPHAM TOWER	GRAPHAM 50	0.070
PERKY TOWER	GRAPHAM 10	0.340
SAPLEY RESERVOIR 1	GRAPHAM 10	0.00
SAPLEY TOWER	CRAPIAM 10	1.130
THREE SHIRES TOWER	GRAPHAN 10	1.340
		335 <u>-</u> 117

GRAPHAM TOWER & PERRY TOWER ARE SUPPLIED BY BUCKDEN RES. SAFLEY BES No.1 AND SAFLEY TOWER ARE SUPPLIED FROM SAFLEY BYS No.2

RELAXATIONS Reference No.	Parameters	Works ExplryMortew Date
144 AMG	Potassium'	GRAPHAM 31 December 1999
SECTION 19(1) Parameter	(II) UNDERTAKINGS	ent Works Supply Zone Completton Date
Diptribution		
MOH	REHABILITATE	UNLINED WON MAINS 31 March 2000

(Certificate of analysis Microbiological analysis of animal drinking water)

Source of water sample (s):	Huntingdon Research Centre, Building Y13,		
Date sampled and tested :	(1) September 1998 Rm 008		
***	(2) September 1998 Rm 006		
	(3) 20 January 1999 Rm 007		
	(4) 20 January 1999 Rm 005 (5) 11 May 1999 Rm 008 (6) 11 May 1999 Rm 006		
Test procedure:	(6) 11 May 1999 Km 006		
Research Laboratory	Huntingdon Research Centre		
	Department of Cellular Sciences		
	Woolley Road		
	Huntingdon		
	Cambridgeshire		
	PE17 5HS		
	ENGLAND		
RESULTS	Count	Specification	
Total viable count for aerobic bacteria:	(1) 0 cfu/ml (22°C)	<104 cfu/ml (22°C)	
	(2) 0 cfu/ml (22°C)	(10 Clarini (22 C)	
	(3) 2 cfu/ml (22°C)		
	(4) 1 cfu/ml (22°C)		
	(5) 0 cfu/ml (22°C)		
± 52	(6) 0 cfu/ml (22°C)		
	(1) 0 cfu/ml (37°C)	<10 ² cfu/ml (37°C)	
		(10- clum) (37 C)	
	(2) 0 cfu/ml (37°C)		
	(3) 3 cfu/ml (37°C)		
	(4) 5 cfu/ml (37°C)		
	(5) 0 cfu/ml (37°C)	•	
	(6) 0 cfu/ml (37°C)		
Total viable count for coliform bacteria :	Samples1-6 <1 cfu/100ml	<1 cfu/100ml	
Total viable count for <i>E.coli</i> :	Samples1-6 <1 cfu/100ml	<1 cfu/100m1	
CONCLUSION	All samples showed satisfactory microbiological		
	quality.		
Results reviewed by :	Signature :		
Head, Microbiology	Date: 07/02/2000		

cfu - colony forming unit